Change # 05-2021

**December 1, 2021** 

108 - STATE/COUNTY RESIDENCE RULE Change # 05-2021 December 1, 2021

### I. RESIDENCE RULES FOR WORK FIRST <u>CASH ASSISTANCE</u>

To receive Work First Cash Assistance, a family must live in North Carolina and:

Α.

- a. intend to remain;
- b. not receive TANF benefits in another state or:
- c. be a homeless family with no fixed mailing address.

The family must apply for and receive Work First <u>Cash Assistance</u> in the county in which they live.

### II. VERIFYING FAMILY RESIDENCY

- A. To verify the family's residence, documentation must verify the physical address listed on the application. Documents from at least two of the following categories are acceptable. Example: An item from #1 and #2. of the list below would be acceptable but not two items from #2. Online documentation is acceptable from a state verified website; North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, North Carolina Department of Motor Vehicles, County Office of the Register of Deeds, Online Employee/Employer payroll portal.
  - 1. A valid North Carolina Driver's License or identification card issued by the North Carolina Department of Motor Vehicles.
  - 2. A current rental lease agreement, mortgage receipt, or <u>current</u> utility bill <u>showing the North Carolina address.</u>
  - 3. A current North Carolina motor vehicle registration in the applicant's name and showing the current North Carolina address.
  - 4. A document verifying that the applicant is employed in North Carolina.
  - 5. One or more documents showing the residence in the prior state has ended such as, termination of rental/lease agreement or sale of a home.

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- 6. Tax records of the applicant or <u>applicant's</u> legal spouse showing <u>a</u> current address in North Carolina.
- 7. Document showing registration with <u>the North Carolina Department of Commerce job seeker website.</u>
- 8. Document showing the children have been enrolled in school or a childcare facility <u>located in North Carolina</u>.
- 9. An <u>approval notice</u> stating the applicant is receiving public assistance such as <u>Food and Nutrition Services</u> or other services which require proof of residence in North Carolina.
- 10. Records from a health care provider located in North Carolina that shows the family's current <u>North Carolina</u> address.
- 11. A written declaration, subject to prosecution, from an individual who has a social, family, or economic relationship with the applicant, and who has personal knowledge of the family's intent to remain in North Carolina. (DSS-5275 or DSS-6961)
- 12. Current North Carolina Voter Registration card.
- 13. A document from Veteran's Affairs, U.S. Military, or the U.S. Department of Homeland Security verifying applicant's intent to remain in North Carolina.
- 14. A document issued by a foreign consulate verifying the applicant's intent to remain in North Carolina.

#### An application can be denied if the documents provided are fraudulent or expired.

- **B.** If the applicant is unable to provide two of the documents listed above in II-A, the Case Manager may use:
  - 1. NC Residency Applicant Statement DSS-5276,
  - 2. Verification of Household Composition <a href="DSS-6961">DSS-6961</a> or,
  - 3. Online documentation from a state verified website; North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, North Carolina

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<u>Department of Motor Vehicles, County Office of the Register of Deeds, Online Employee/Employer payroll portal.</u>

Case manager must provide a DSS-8146A to request the required documentation. Alternate verifications listed in II, B should only be used as a last resort when the applicant has exhausted all other avenues to obtain the required documentation.

**C.** Residency must be verified at application and only at recertification if the residency is questionable.

#### III. MOVING FROM ONE COUNTY IN NORTH CAROLINA TO ANOTHER

Refer to instructions in Section <u>202 Changes in Situation and County of Residence</u>.

#### IV. FAMILY MEMBER FRAUDULENTLY MISREPRESENTS RESIDENCY

- A. An individual's needs cannot be included in the Need Standard for 10 years if he is convicted in a federal or state court of making a fraudulent statement with respect to his residence to receive assistance simultaneously from:
  - Two or more states, or
  - Two or more locations within the State.
- **B.** The 10-year period begins with the date of the conviction. Refer to instructions in Section 207 Fraud and Intentional Program Violations.
- **C.** Accept the family's written statement declaring no family member has been convicted of misrepresenting their residence.
- **D.** Reduce the family's need standard by one for everyone that meets the criteria in IV. A. above.

**EXAMPLE**: A family consists of four members, one of which has been convicted of misrepresenting their residence mentioned in IV. A. above. Use the need standard for a family of three to determine the family's benefits. Since the individual is included in the case, continue to count all of their income and resources (See Section 114 - Income and Budgeting, Section 115 - Resources).

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**E.** Terminate the Work First Cash Assistance benefits if it is a payee only case.

**EXAMPLE**: A family consists of a mother and her child who receives SSI. The mother is convicted of misrepresenting her residence as mentioned in IV. A. above. Terminate or deny the Work Fist Cash Assistance benefits.